

Automatic control valves H-FLUX 500 and 600 series

The PF H-FLUX range consist of a globe pattern hydraulically operated automatic control valves, namely 600 for the full bore and 500 for the reduced bore series, entirely produced in ductile cast iron and steel with internal components in stainless steel.

Piston actuated PN 40 class, the valve is designed to perform mainly pressure reduction and sustain. Each function is obtained simply by changing the circuitry and pilots, that can be combined together if needed.

All information herewith contained referring to operating principle, case studies and installation, are applicable to the H-FLUX 500 and 600 series unless otherwise stated.



Technical features and benefits

- Body in ductile cast iron, PN 40 bar rated, globe pattern design in compliance with EN 1074 standards and available from DN 50 mm up to DN 200 mm.
- Designed to reduced head loss and minimize turbulence under a wide flow range.
- Throttling plug to ensure stability at low flow.
- Silent operation and absence of vibrations, suitable for buildings and urban applications.
- Excellent resistance to cavitation, thanks to the large expansion chamber and to PF solutions for flow regulation either AC, designed for stability also in case of low flow conditions, and the CP for extreme pressure ratio thanks to a double step through customised cages sliding one into the other.
- In-line serviceable from the top without having to remove the valve from the pipe.
- High quality materials which guarantee reliability for long lasting performances with internals all made in stainless steel.

Applications

- High pressure main transmission lines.
- Industrial plants.
- Cooling system.
- Long downhill segments with high elevated terrain.



Technical features



AC version for low flow stability and cavitation prevention



- 1. Low flow stability gasket holder for cavitation prevention
- 2. Obstacle free seat

CP anti-cavitation version



 Anti-cavitation gasket holder
Anti-cavitation seat in stainless steel

The anti-cavitation trim AC mobile block includes a gasket holder designed to increase the allowable pressure ratio and resistance to cavitation, improving at the same time the valve's stability to guarantee the maximum accuracy also in case of no flow.

The intermediate chamber, in communication with atmosphere and located between the upper and lower part of the piston, ensures a smooth and fine regulation.

The CP system includes two cages for double energy dissipation between inlet and outlet, whose holes can be customized according to the project in hand and required performances, this is to avoid damages to the valve without a drastic reduction of the valve's Kv.



Operating principle on-off mode



Valve opening

If the pressure inside the control chamber is put in communication with the atmosphere or a lower pressure zone, the upstream pressure will act on the lower part of the piston, pushing it upwards allowing the complete opening of the valve.



Valve isolated from the line

Should the control chamber be isolated from the line pressure and the rest of the circuitry, the valve will remain in the same position, therefore producing the head loss corresponding to such opening percentage.



Valve closing

If the control chamber is put in communication with the upstream pressure, thanks to the difference in area between the piston and the seat, the valve will close completely.

Operating principle modulating mode - example of pressure reduction





Valve opening

Should the downstream pressure drop below the pilot's preset and adjustable set point the latter will open, allowing flow and pressure to be relieved out of the main chamber. The mobile block will be lifted to increase the passage between the piston and the seat, trying to re-establish the desired downstream pressure value.

Valve modulating

As a consequence of gradual change in demands the pilot will keep regulating the flow in and out of the main chamber, to compensate for pressure variations. The mobile block reproduces the pilot's movement, throttling the passage between the seat and piston in order to generate the head-loss required for the pressure reduction.

Valve closing

Should the downstream pressure rise above the pilot's set point the latter will close, allowing for pressure build up inside the main chamber. The mobile block will be pushed down trying to re-establish the desired downstream value. In static conditions pilot will be fully closed, with the valve maintaining the desired downstream pressure.



H-FLUX 500 and 600 - AC and CP versions - Spare parts breakdown







Applications

- Downstream of pumps to reduce the pressure on the main supply line.
- In derivation from the main line to stabilize the pressure of secondary line.
- As a protection against rise in pressure of industrial equipment and civil installations.
- On the inlet supply line of storage tanks in case of high static values to stabilize pressure and flow for the level control.

Accessories

Pressure measurement kit.

Note to the engineer

- Inlet and outlet pressure, and flow rate are required for the proper sizing.
- CP double stage pressure reduction trim is recommended to provide a higher resistance to cavitation, and accurate regulation in case of low flow.
- A minimum length of 3 DN upstream of the valve is recommended for the best accuracy.

Downstream pressure reducing stabilizing automatic control valve **Mod. H-FLUX 510/610**

The PF model H-FLUX 510 and 610 series is a globe pattern piston operated automatic control valve, that reduces and stabilizes the downstream pressure to a constant value, regardless of variation in demands and upstream pressure conditions. Produced in compliance with PN 40 bar pressure standards and entirely made in ductile cast iron FBT epoxy painted and stainless steel, the valve is designed to reduce head loss, throttling noise and cavitation damage. The valve is normally equipped with anti cavitation low flow stability system AC, the double cage CP on request.

Additional features

• H-FLUX 510/610-FR downstream pressure reducing with back-flow prevention.

• H-FLUX 510/610-H downstream pressure reducing with high sensitivity pilot.

Working conditions

- Fluid: treated water.
- Minimum operating pressure: 0,7 bar.
- Maximum operating pressure: 40 bar.
- Maximum temperature: 70°C.

Downstream pressure pilot adjustment range

- Blue spring: 0,7 to 7 bar.
- Red spring: 1,5 to 15 bar.
- Higher values up to 25 bar on request.
- Values lower than 0,7 available with high sensitivity pilots.



Operating principle



The PF model H-FLUX 510/610 is an automatic control valve operated by a 2 ways pilot (5) with pre-set set and adjustable value. Should the downstream pressure rise above the pilot set point the latter will throttle and limit the flow to direct inlet pressure to the main chamber (10), thus pushing down the piston (11) to generate the head loss required for the valve (9) to reduce and stabilize the downstream pressure to a constant value. Should the downstream pressure fall below the pilot set point the piston (11) moves up increasing the passage through the seat (12), thus reducing the head loss through the valve. The flow in and out of the main chamber (10) is controlled by the PF high sensitivity needle valve in stainless steel (3), needed for the valve's response time and accura-cy also in case of rapid variation in demand. Thanks to isolation ball valves and a needle valve on the chamber (1, 2 and 3) the circuit and its components can be maintained without interrupting the flow.

Installation layout

The recommended H-FLUX 510/610 installation layout includes sectioning devices and by-pass for maintenance operations, and a strainer to prevent dirt from reaching the control valve. The direct acting pressure reducer W-VAL HP is the best choice on the by-pass thanks to its reliability also after long periods of inactivity. Anti-surge combination air valves WAVE 3S-AWH are recommended upstream and downstream as well as a pressure relief valve PF WR/AM installed in derivation from the line to prevent rise in pressure.







Applications

- Downstream of pumps to prevent overload and for cavitation protection.
- On the inlet supply line of storage tanks to stabilize pressure and flow required for the level control.
- On gravity fed supply lines with high static values to ensure the minimum pressure to consumers at higher elevation zones, in case of high consumption of the lower zones.

Accessories

Pressure measurement kit.

Upstream pressure sustaining automatic valve

Mod. H-FLUX 520/620-S

The PF Model H-FLUX 520-S and 620-S series is a globe pattern hydraulically operated automatic control valve that, installed in-line, will sustain the upstream pressure to a pre-set and adjustable value regardless of variations in demand. Produced in compliance with PN 40 bar pressure standards and entirely made in ductile cast iron FBT epoxy painted and stainless steel, the valve is designed to reduce head loss, throttling noise and cavitation damage. The valve is normally equipped with anti cavitation low flow stability system AC, the double cage CP on request.

Additional features

- H-FLUX 520/620-S-FR pressure sustaining valve with back-flow prevention.
- H-FLUX 520/620-S-H pressure sustaining valve with high sensitivity pilot.

Working conditions

- Fluid: treated water.
- Minimum operating pressure: 0,7 bar.
- Maximum operating pressure: 40 bar.
- Maximum temperature: 70°C.

Note to the engineer

- Inlet and outlet pressure, and flow rate are required for the proper sizing.
- CP double stage pressure reduction trim is recommended to provide a higher resistance to cavitation, and accurate regulation in case of low flow.
- A minimum length of 3 DN upstream of the valve is recommended for the best accuracy.

Upstream pressure pilot adjustment range

- Blue spring: 0,7 to 7 bar.
- Red spring: 1,5 to 15 bar.
- Higher values up to 25 bar on request.



Operating principle



The PF Model H-FLUX 520/620-S is an automatic control valve operated by a high sensitivity two ways pilot (5), with pre-set and adjustable set point value, sensing the unfiltered upstream pressure from the inlet supply line (13). Should the line pressure rise above the pilot's set point the latter will open thus relieving the chamber (10) and moving the obturator (11) upwards, to discharge water and pressure through the main valve (9) downstream protecting the system. Should the upstream pressure be lower than the pilot's set point the latter will throttle (close eventually), diverting all pressure towards the main chamber (10) thus pushing the obturator (11) onto the seat (12), interrupting the flow rate.

The flow in and out of the main chamber (10) is controlled by the PF high sensitivity needle valve in stainless steel (3), needed for the valve's response time and accuracy also in case of rapid variation in demand. Thanks to isolation ball valves and a needle valve on the chamber (1, 2 and 3) the circuit can be maintained without interrupting the flow.

Installation layout

The recommended installation lay-out of the PF H-FLUX 520/620-S, used as a in-line pressure sustaining, includes sectioning devices and by-pass for maintenance operations, and a strainer to prevent dirt from reaching the control valve. The direct acting pressure sustain valve PF Mod. WR/AM is the best choice on the by-pass thanks to its reliability also after long periods of inactivity. Anti-surge combination air valves PF Mod. WAVE 3S-AWH are recommended upstream and downstream of the installation.







Applications

- Downstream of pumps to protect the pipeline against rise in pressure during pump start up and pump failure.
- As a protection against rise in pressure in industrial equipment and civil installations.
- Downstream of pressure reducing station and modulating devices to protect the system against unwanted pressure fluctuations.

Accessories

Pressure measurement kit.

Upstream pressure relief automatic valve

Mod. H-FLUX 520/620-R

The PF Model H-FLUX 520-R and 620-R series is a globe pattern hydraulically operated automatic control valve that, installed in derivation from the main line, will relief the excessive upstream pressure when it rises above the pre-set and adjustable value. Produced in compliance with PN 40 bar pressure standards and entirely made in ductile cast iron FBT epoxy painted and stainless steel, the valve is designed to reduce head loss, throttling noise and cavitation damage. The valve is normally equipped with anti cavitation low flow stability system AC, the double cage CP on request.

Additional features

• H-FLUX 520/620-R-FR upstream pressure relief valve with back-flow prevention.

Working conditions

- Fluid: treated water.
- Minimum operating pressure: 0,7 bar.
- Maximum operating pressure: 40 bar.
- Maximum temperature: 70°C.

Note to the engineer

- Inlet pressure, outlet pressure, flow rate and application are required for the proper sizing and cavitation analysis.
- For the recommended flow rate please use the charts available on the H-FLUX series engineering.
- When the valve discharges to atmosphere the CP system is advised.

Upstream pressure pilot adjustment range

- Blue spring: 0,7 to 7 bar.
- Red spring: 1,5 to 15 bar.
- Higher values up to 25 bar on request.



Operating principle



The PF Model H-FLUX 520/620-R is an automatic control valve operated by a high flow capacity two ways pilot (5), with pre-set and adjustable set point value, sensing the unfiltered upstream pressure from the inlet supply line (13). Should the line pressure rise above the pilot's set point the latter will open thus relieving the chamber (10) and moving the obturator (11) upwards, to discharge water and pressure through the main valve (9) protecting the system. Should the upstream pressure be lower than the pilot's set point the latter will throttle (close eventually), diverting all pressure towards the main chamber (10) thus pushing the obturator (11) onto the seat (12), interrupting the flow rate.

The flow in and out of the main chamber (10) is controlled by the PF high sensitivity needle valve in stainless steel (3), needed for the valve's response time and accuracy also in case of rapid variation in demand. Thanks to isolation ball valves and a needle valve on the chamber (1, 2 and 3) the circuit can be maintained without interrupting the flow.

Installation layout

The picture below shows the recommended installation lay-put of the PF H-FLUX 520/620 R , used as a pressure relief in derivation from the main line downstream of a pressure reducing valve H-FLUX 510/610. The sectioning devices as are very important for the maintenance e operations, including a filter necessary to avoid unexpected malfunctioning. The set point of H-FLUX 520/620 R should always remain within at least 0,5/1 bar above the downstream pressure setting of the H-FLUX 510/610.





H-FLUX 500 and 600 - AC version - Technical details



N.	Component	Standard material	Optional
1	Body	ductile cast iron GJS 450-10	
2	Сар	painted steel and stainless steel AISI 303	
3	Screws	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
4	Spring	stainless steel AISI 302	
5	Piston	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
6	Bush	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
7	Plane gasket	EPDM	
8	Seat for system AC	stainless steel AISI 303 (316 from DN 150FB/200RB)	stainless steel AISI 316
9	V-port	stainless steel AISI 303 (304 from DN 150FB/200RB)	stainless steel AISI 316
10	Screw with washer	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
11	Gasket	NBR	
12	Gasket	NBR	
13	Sliding ring	PTFE	
14	O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
15	O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
16	Seat O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
17	Studs	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
18	Nuts	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
19	Washers	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
20	Pressure outlet taps	stainless steel AISI 316	

The list of materials and components is subject to changes without notice.



H-FLUX 500 and 600 - CP version - Technical details



N.	Component	Standard material	Optional
1	Body	ductile cast iron GJS 450-10	
2	Сар	painted steel and stainless steel AISI 303	
3	Screws	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
4	Spring	stainless steel AISI 302	
5	Piston	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
6	Bush	stainless steel AISI 303	stainless steel AISI 316
7	Plane gasket	EPDM	
8	Seat for anti-cavitation system CP	stainless steel AISI 303 (316 from DN 150FB/200RB)	stainless steel AISI 316
9	Anti-cavitation gasket holder CP	stainless steel AISI 303 (304 from DN 150FB/200RB)	stainless steel AISI 316
10	Screw with washer	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
11	Gasket	NBR	
12	Gasket	NBR	
13	Sliding ring	PTFE	
14	O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
15	O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
16	Seat O-ring	NBR	EPDM/Viton
17	Studs	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
18	Nuts	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
19	Washers	stainless steel AISI 304	stainless steel AISI 316
20	Pressure outlet taps	stainless steel AISI 316	

The list of materials and components is subject to changes without notice.



H-FLUX 600 - AC version - Technical data

DN (mm)	40	50	65	80	100	150
Kv (m³/h)	32,5	32,5	56	100	132	312
Stroke (mm)	15	15	18	21	27	43





Head loss coefficient

Kv coefficient representing the flow rate which is flowing through the valve fully open, and producing a head loss of 1 bar.

Cavitation chart

The cavitation analysis is very important since it may lead to substantial damages, in addition to vibration and noise. The cavitation chart has to be used to determine whether the working point obtained by the intersection of the lines, connecting upstream (y axis) and downstream (x axis) pressure conditions, lies within one of the 3 zones to be identified as follows:

- A: Recommended working conditions;
- B: Noise cavitation;
- C: Damage cavitation.

The chart is to be used for valves modulating with an opening percentage between 35-40% at standard water temperature and elevation below 300 m. For continuous pressure reduction the maximum allowed Δp shall not exceed 15 bar.

Head loss chart

The chart indicates the head loss of H-FLUX automatic control valves fully open versus flow rate in I/s.

Recommended flow rate

The following chart shows the recommended flow rate for the proper sizing of H-FLUX control valves.

DN (mm)			40/50	65	80	100	150
	Low head loss (0,1-0,15 bar)	Max.	2,8	4,9	6,9	11	27
Elow rata (I/a)	Recommended	Min.	0,5	0,9	1,4	2,2	4,9
riow rate (1/5)		Max.	7,9	14	19	30	67
	Pressure relief Max.		12	20	30	46	100



H-FLUX 600 - CP anti-cavitation version - Technical data

DN (mm)	40	50	65	80	100	150
Kv (m³/h)	20	20	34	63	84	205
Stroke (mm)	15	15	18	21	27	43





Head loss coefficient

Kv coefficient representing the flow rate which is flowing through the valve fully open, and producing a head loss of 1 bar.

Cavitation chart

The cavitation analysis is very important since it may lead to substantial damages, in addition to vibration and noise. The cavitation chart has to be used to determine whether the working point obtained by the intersection of the lines, connecting upstream (y axis) and downstream (x axis) pressure conditions, lies within one of the two zones to be identified as follows:

A: Recommended working conditions;B: Damage cavitation.

The chart is to be used for valves modulating with an opening percentage between 35-40% at standard water temperature and elevation below 300 m. For continuous pressure reduction the maximum allowed Δp shall not exceed 15 bar.

Head loss chart

The chart indicates the head loss of H-FLUX automatic control valves fully open versus flow rate in I/s.

Recommended flow rate

The following chart shows the recommended flow rate for the proper sizing of H-FLUX control valves.

DN (mm)			40/50	65	80	100	150
Flow rate (I/s)	Recommended	Min.	0,4	0,7	1,0	1,6	3,5
110W Tate (1/3)		Max.	3,9	6,6	9,7	16	40
	Pressure relief	Max.	9,8	16	25	39	88



H-FLUX 600 - AC and CP versions - Technical data

Kv to valve opening chart

The following chart shows the opening percentage of H-FLUX 600-AC and H-FLUX 600-CP versus the Kv.



Working conditions

Treated filtered water.

Maximum temperature: 70°C.

Minimum pressure on the pilot : 0,5 bar plus head loss. Maximum pressure: 40 bar.

Standard

Certified and tested in compliance with EN 1074/5. Pressure rating 40 bar. Flanges according to EN 1092/2 (different drilling on request). Epoxy painting applied through FBT technology blue RAL 5005.

DN (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	Weight (Kg)
40	230	162	83	140	15
50	230	162	83	140	15
65	290	194	93	160	23
80	310	218	100	180	30,5
100	350	260	118	205	43,5
150	480	370	150	285	110



Weights and dimensions

All values are approximate, consult PF service for more details.



H-FLUX 500 - AC version - Technical data

DN (mm)	80	100	125	150	200
Kv (m³/h)	43	111	146	154	377
Stroke (mm)	15	21	27	27	43





Head loss coefficient

Kv coefficient representing the flow rate which is flowing through the valve fully open, and producing a head loss of 1 bar.

Cavitation chart

The cavitation analysis is very important since it may lead to substantial damages, in addition to vibration and noise. The cavitation chart has to be used to determine whether the working point obtained by the intersection of the lines, connecting upstream (y axis) and downstream (x axis) pressure conditions, lies within one of the 3 zones to be identified as follows:

- A: Recommended working conditions;
- B: Noise cavitation;
- C: Damage cavitation.

The chart is to be used for valves modulating with an opening percentage between 35-40% at standard water temperature and elevation below 300 m. For continuous pressure reduction the maximum allowed Δp shall not exceed 15 bar.

Head loss chart

The chart indicates the head loss of H-FLUX automatic control valves fully open versus flow rate in l/s.

Recommended flow rate

The following chart shows the recommended flow rate for the proper sizing of H-FLUX control valves.

DN (mm)			80	100	125	150	200
	Low head loss (0,1-0,15 bar)	Max.	1,2	2,6	4	4,3	10
Flow rate (I/s)	Recommended	Min.	0,5	1,4	2,2	2,3	4,9
11000 Tate (1/3)		Max.	8,8	23	33	35	78
	Pressure relief Max.		12	30	46	48	102



H-FLUX 500 - CP anti-cavitation version - Technical data

DN (mm)	80	100	125	150	200
Kv (m³/h)	24	63	72	89	207
Stroke (mm)	15	21	27	27	43





Head loss coefficient

Kv coefficient representing the flow rate which is flowing through the valve fully open, and producing a head loss of 1 bar.

Cavitation chart

The cavitation analysis is very important since it may lead to substantial damages, in addition to vibration and noise. The cavitation chart has to be used to determine whether the working point obtained by the intersection of the lines, connecting upstream (y axis) and downstream (x axis) pressure conditions, lies within one of the two zones to be identified as follows:

A: Recommended working conditions;B: Damage cavitation.

The chart is to be used for valves modulating with an opening percentage between 35-40% at standard water temperature and elevation below 300 m. For continuous pressure reduction the maximum allowed Δp shall not exceed 15 bar.

Head loss chart

The chart indicates the head loss of H-FLUX automatic control valves fully open versus flow rate in I/s.

Recommended flow rate

The following chart shows the recommended flow rate for the proper sizing of H-FLUX control valves.

DN (mm)			80	100	125	150	200
Flow rate (I/s)	Recommended	Min.	0,7	1,0	2,2	2,3	4,1
110W Tate (1/3)		Max.	5,1	11	16	18	43
	Pressure relief	Max.	11	25	40	42	98



H-FLUX 500 - AC and CP versions - Technical data

Kv to valve opening chart

The following chart shows the opening percentage of H-FLUX 500-AC and H-FLUX 500-CP versus the Kv.



Working conditions

Treated filtered water.

Maximum temperature: 70°C.

Minimum pressure on the pilot : 0,5 bar plus head loss. Maximum pressure: 40 bar.

Standard

Certified and tested in compliance with EN 1074/5. Pressure rating 40 bar. Flanges according to EN 1092/2 (different drilling on request). Epoxy painting applied through FBT technology blue RAL 5005.

DN (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	Weight (Kg)
80	310	162	100	155	20
100	350	218	118	185	34
125	400	260	135	225	56
150	480	260	150	225	58,5
200	600	370	187,5	295	122

Weights and dimensions



All values are approximate, consult PF service for more details.